

Details :

- Our company products are as per the norms of international Who and USA FDA. No heavy metal narcotics or steroid is mixed in preparation in our any medicine.
- As per Ayurveda there is no provision of making herbal extract so we don't mix any herbal extract.
- The main point we would like to say reader we don't make any product considering patient taste and easy consumption we considers the effectiveness of medicine on disease.

Usages : For both gender for diabetic type I and type II patients, it is also usage in Profuse urination extra hunger, extra sweating and tiredness after slight activity. This medicine shows best result on High Blood Pressure, higher cholesterol Neuropathy, Retinopathy, Loss of Hb etc. The Application on wounded as suggested above even gangrene can be cure. Any kind of wound can be cure.

Note : Those in take regularly as advised dose will never suffer any kind of side effect caused by diabetes.

Dr. Thanki's Diabetic Powder :

- When we started to research medicine for diabetes the chairperson said they are two type diabetic are declared by medical science but suppose if a person met with an accident and lost his pancreas to save his life now he is a without pancreatic person what to say he is a diabetic type I or type II no answer our theme was just divert and want to alive that guy on earth as non diabetic.
- This herbal medicine combination is useful for Men & Women of all the ages suffering from Diabetes. This Ayurveda powder combination is based on Ancient Ayurveda literature. This is highly effective combination to care and cure diabetes, profuse urination, extra hunger, extra sweating and tiredness after slight activity in these all cases this medicine is highly effective.
- This medicinal combination is also highly effective on all side effects of Diabetes i.e. high B.P, constipation, dry stool, higher Cholesterol, Neuropathy, Retinopathy, less of Hb for all such symptoms occurred in diabetic patient.

Information - Doctors of all path have considered diabetic patients of two types :

- Diabetic Type-I - The patients whose body has no insulin or negligible amount of insulin is considered as Diabetic Type-I patients. This type of patients are given insulin by injection in their body to meet the requirement of insulin to control glucose level.
- **Diabetic Type-II :**
 - The patients having insulin in their body but in lesser amount. This type is called Diabetic Type-II. In this type of patients the insulin in their body is not capable of mitotic cell division and remains inactive in the pancreas. Type-II patients are treated with some type of tablets which does not practically decrease sugar level but they act on the inactive insulin to promote those insulin to have more mitotic cell division and ultimately the insulin become more & decreases the sugar level. In this way the sugar level in the patient is controlled.
 - If in any patient after taking medicine and insulin the sugar level in the body is not controlled, then this Dr. Thanki's Diabetic Powder when taken by the patient the sugar level in the patient's body comes under full control. The patients using this Dr. Thanki's

Diabetic Powder shown no side effects occurred by longer period of diabetic condition.

- The patients suffering from side effects of diabetes like neuropathy and retinopathy can control their advancement of these side effects in the patient body, by using this Dr. Thanki's Diabetic Powder burning sensation and itching can be made tolerable. (In some patients in our research we found these problems are totally solved).
- The diabetic patients show symptoms like laziness, body ache, inflammation in the legs, weakness, sometimes without any reason itching in the body, infection in the genital parts. In human body the veins in the eyes and fingers are very fine. If in this veins blood with sugar enters and if by chance if it settles there it creates problems. If this happens in the legs it is called neuropathy, and if it is in the eyes it is called retinopathy. The persons suffering from retinopathy have their eyes with blurred vision.
- If any person has an accident and if pancreas is removed, then the body of patient will not have insulin at all. in that case to protect the patient from diabetes what should be done?
- In our medicine we have used special herbs which produces enzymatic insulin.
- After taking food by human beings sugar is produced after the digestion of food. We have given Dr. Thanki's Diabetic Powder to patient 15 minutes before the Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner. Some allopathic doctors have research & suggested that the tablets given by them to diabetic type ii patients if given to patients along with our Dr. Thanki's Diabetic Powder they found that sugar level comes under the control in a very short period in both type of diabetic patients. The enzymatic insulin produced by our medicine is activated by the tablets given after the meal and it activates the mitotic cell division and its count increases.
- The ingredients which activates the insulin to have more mitotic cell division is not available easily in ayurveda. That's why have accepted the views and research of those allopath doctors. The other fact is medical science which manufactures medicines from natural herbs because God does not send chemicals directly on the earth.

Dosages :

- In the morning 15 Minutes Before Breakfast
- 15 mins before meal of Afternoon
- 15 mins before Dinner
- 15 mins before meal of Afternoon
- 1 tea spoon with fresh water 1 tea spoon

Specialties : In this medicine Avala & Haldi is mixed in equal proportion which is called Dhatri Nisha. According to Ayurvedic Shashtras this combination makes the effect of any medicine ten times.

Gokhru : Present in this medicine helps to protect kidney problems followed by prolonged diabetes. If there are any kidney problems Gokhru helps.

Neem Patra : Present in the medicine helps to prevent any infection in the blood.

Bilva Patra : To activate liver and pancreas Bilva patra is used in this medicine.

Note : When liver is working properly, it sends other ingredients to its appropriate place. When liver is

activated the patient does not have itching problems.

Indrayan Mool : Diabetes patient's stool becomes very hard for this problem Indrayan mool helps to stop above hardness of stool it makes it normal.

Tej Patra : It helps to activate Beta cells in the pancreas.

Gloy Avala Gokhru : Mixture is called Rasayan churna which helps to protect the patient from Neuropathy, Retinopathy, physical & mental weakness.

Gudmar : Helps to control the sugar which is excreted with urine.

Diabetic Foot : Many patients suffer from this disease. In their body any injury which does not get cured, for this problem if this powder mixed with water should be applied around the injury. The injury will be cured of quickly.

Diabetic powder Mixed with water :

- Remedies of Side effects due to Diabetes - After a long discussion with some doctors of Allopath as well as some other path doctors, they have suggested these medicines for a diabetic patient, if occurred.
- General Side effects in diabetic patients and its remedies

As we have consulted some doctors and they suggested below mentioned medicine for different side effects generally occurred in a diabetic patient :

- Itching in the body
- Tab. Hetrazane – 100
- This tablet can be taken 3 times a day.
- Low appetite - In that case the patient should take the syrup given below
- Syrup - Sorbiline
- This syrup can be taken after lunch 4 teaspoonful with $\frac{1}{2}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ glass of water it will activate Hunger.
- Loose Motion - The patient should take following medicine.
- Tab. Septran DS - Dose - One tablet after the breakfast in the morning and one tablet evening after meal for five days.
- Weakness & General Debility - If the patient is not over weight he should take Dr. Thanki Power plus powder 1tsp ful spoon in the morning after the breakfast and 1tsp ful spoon in the evening after the meal as suggested in our Dr. Thanki's Power Plus Powder segment.

If the patient is overweighed than suggest : Tab. Cobadex CZS One tablet every day after breakfast.

Constipation : In that case the patient should take 1 cupful of papaya every day at bed time and if the constipation persists he should take Syrup Duphalac 20ml. mixed with water at bed time. This product should be given thrice a day that is before break fast and before luch and dinner one teaspoon with water.

Diet chart given for South Indian diabetic Patients :

- 300ml of milk should be given to a diabetic patient.
- 6 AM - One Cup of Tea or Coffee
- 8 AM - 2 Bowl of Upma or 4 Pcs of Idli with Sambhar Avoid (coconut chatney)
- 10 AM One Pcs. of fruit (If Banana give two Pcs) Best fruit for diabetic patient is apple.
- 12 AM-1 PM Lunch - Rice + Curd / Sambhar / Tamarind made Rasm.
- Note - The quantity of cooked rice should not vary as per tongue taste. Patient can take rice with a fix measurement.
- 4–5 PM Evening Breakfast - Idli, Medu Wada, Upma Utapam or any south Indian Breakfast but it shouldbe in such quantity, that patient should feel no hungry at all that time means heavy breakfast.
- 7 PM One bowl of soup or one cup of tea.
- 8–9 PM Dinner - Rice as required but a fix measured + anything which is likeable to intake rice.
- 11 PM One Bowl of papaya if available or two pcs. of Banna + milk which is left after preparing tea but it should be chilled.

Diet chart given for North Indian diabetic patient :

- 300ml of milk should be given to a diabetic patient.
- 6 AM - One Cup of Tea or Coffee
- 8 AM - 3 Pcs. Of Fulka (small chapatti + one Bowl of Vegetable + One cup of tea/coffee).
- 10 AM One Pcs. of fruit (If Banana give two Pcs) Best fruit for diabetic patient is apple.
- 12AM-1 PM Lunch: 4 Fulka + 2 Bowl of Vegetable + 1 Bowl of Any kind of Cereals + One Bowl of rice (But should be fixed measurement and quality)
- Note - The quantity of cooked rice should not vary as per tongue taste. Patient can take rice with a fix measurement
- 4–5 PM Evening Breakfast - Paratha or Upma, or Poha or Bread Butter but it should be in such quantity that we can say heavy Breakfast.
- 7 PM: One bowl of soup or one cup of tea.
- 8–9 PM Dinner - 4 Fulka + 2 Bowl of Vegetable + One Bowl of Kadi + ½ Papad.
- 11 PM One Bowl of papaya if available or two pcs. of Banna + milk which is left after preparing tea but it should be chilled.
- Note - For tongue taste for sweetness patient can take sugar free tablets or powder.
- Avoid - Coconut and its water or any product made of it, ground nut or pea nut or its preparations move salads, pickles etc.
- Because these products can high the level of cholesterol in diabetic patients secondly by avoiding these products we are just saving our patient from cardiac arrest.

Key Ingredients :

- Curcuma longa
- Salacia reticulate
- Aegle marmelos
- Tribulus terrestris
- Syzygium cumini
- Emblica officinalis
- Enicotema littorale

- Azadirachta indica
- Ocimum sanctum
- Zymnema sylvestre
- Citrullus colocynthis
- Tinospora cordifolia
- Cinnamomum tamala
- Momordica charantia
- Pterocapus marsupium
- Trigonella foenum-graecum

From The Desk Of Chairman :

- As the medical science says about diabetic type I and diabetic type II but when our company was thinking to produce a medicine for diabetic patient my consent and vision to act as the word of our medicine. Our medicine name shows diabetic powder we are not showing it as for type I Or II. What I think “a person met with an accident and lost his pancreas to save his life” now what to say type I OR II no answer is he is an absolute diabetic patient, now I want to alive that guy on the earth as non diabetic patient.
- In this modern age there is lot of parametrical investigations to confirm diabetic level and other side effects occurred in patient body.
- We are suggesting to observe and keep control this crucial disease along with the other vital organs like kidney, heart and liver etc.
- We know that diabetes is spreading like mushroom as our modern style is not permit to work as physically. In the age of computer fast technology 70% population is having sitting job.
- Secondly food having pesticide and it is the, main cause of it.
- Note - If a diabetic type I patient want to get rid of insulin he must go for a check up of his blood parameter for below mentioned test whether he can relive the insulin or not. This test is suggested to have empty stomach after stopping of insulin for atleast five days.
- C-Peptide Serum - We are requesting the reader of our website to consult on our companies helpline no for any kind of advice or question arises in their mind. As per Dr. advice just add our this medicine to diabetic type II uncontrolled patient with the medicines he is taking.

डॉ. धानकी डायबिटिक पाउडर (मधुमेह में उपयोगी)

घटक : जामुनगुठली, आंवला, हल्दी, मामेज्जा, सफरगी, विजयसार, नीमपत्र, इन्द्रायणमूल, बिल्वपत्र, गिलोय, गोखरू, गुड़मार, केलेला, मैथी, तुलसीपत्र, शिरायता, तेजपत्र।

उपयोगी : यह दवा हर्बल दवाओं से निर्मित सभी आयुर्वर्ग के पुरुष व महिलाओं के लिए प्राचीनतम आयुर्वेदिक ग्रन्थों से लिया गया मधुमेह नाशक अदम्यतम योग है। ज्यादा पेशाब आना, भूख लगना, पसीना आना व अल्प परिश्रम से थकान महसूस हो तो यह औषधि अत्यन्त उपयोगी है। मधुमेह, मधुमेह जनित व्याधियाँ, रक्त-बसा की अनियमित वृद्धि व उच्च रक्तचाप में भी उपयोगी।

निर्देश : जीव वैज्ञानिकों ने मधुमेह के रोगियों को दो तरह का माना है।

1. डायबिटिक टाइप-I : जिनके शरीर में इन्सुलिन नाण्य या नहीं हो ऐसे रोगी को डायबिटिक टाइप-I रोगी कहा जाता है। ऐसे रोगियों को इन्जेक्शन द्वारा इन्सुलिन प्रविष्टि कराया जाता है साथ में कुछ गोशियाँ दी जाती हैं जो इन इन्सुलिन को भी अपनी गिनती बढ़ाने में सहायक होती हैं।

2. डायबिटिक टाइप-II : जिनके शरीर में इन्सुलिन है तो सही पर उनकी गिनती कम हो जाती है तो ऐसे रोगी को डायबिटिक टाइप-II रोगी कहा जाता है। ऐसे रोगियों के शरीर में पाए जाने वाले इन्सुलिन माइटोटिक सैल डिविजन करने में सक्षम नहीं होते हैं तथा पेन्क्रियाज में निष्क्रिय पड़े रहते हैं। डायबिटिक टाइप-II ऐसे रोगियों को कुछ प्रकार की गोशियों से इलाज किया जाता है ये गोशियाँ प्रत्यक्ष रूप से खुद शर्करा को कम नहीं करती बल्कि वे गोशियाँ रोगी के शरीर में जो निष्क्रिय इन्सुलिन है उसकी प्रवृत्त मात्रा बढ़ जाने पर स्वतः ही रोगी के शरीर में शर्करा कम हो जाती है अतः रोगी के शरीर में शर्करा की मात्रा नियंत्रित रहती है।

यदि किसी रोगी के शरीर में शर्करा की मात्रा दवाईयों या इन्सुलीन लेते हुए भी नियंत्रण में नहीं रहती है तो इस पाउडर के सेवन से शर्करा की मात्रा पूर्णतया नियंत्रण में आ जाती है। इस पाउडर के सेवन करने वाले व्यक्ति का रक्तचाप तथा बसा की मात्रा नियंत्रण में रहती है। कई रोगियों में जिनको मधुमेह के कारण न्यूरोपैथी या रेटिनोपैथी रोग हो चुके हैं ऐसे रोगियों में जिनमें ये रोग पूर्ण विकसित नहीं हुए हैं इस दवा के सेवन से आगे नहीं बढ़ता है। इस पाउडर के सेवन से खुजली, जलन आदि में अत्यधिक आराम मिलता है।

मधुमेह के रोगी को आलस, बदनर्दी, पैरों में जलन, कमजोरी, कभी-कभी अनायास शरीर में खुजली, गुप्तांगों में इन्जेक्शन आदि लक्षण पाये जाते हैं। मनुष्यों में पैरों को अंगुलियाँ तथा आंखों की शिराएँ सबसे पतली होती हैं इन शिराओं में जब शर्करा युक्त खून जाता है और किसी कारणवश जम जाता है उस स्थिति को पैरों में यदि हो तो न्यूरोपैथी कहते हैं तथा आंखों में हो तो रेटिनोपैथी कहते हैं। रेटिनोपैथी से ग्रस्त व्यक्ति के आंखों में धुंधलापन आ जाता है।

इस बीमारी के निराकरण के लिए दवा के अनुसंधान के पहले यह विचार आया कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति का एंटीबिड हो गया और उसकी जान बचाने के लिए डॉक्टर ने पेन्क्रियाज ही शरीर से निकाल दिया हो तो ऐसे रोगी के शरीर में इन्सुलिन बिल्कुल नहीं होगा और ऐसे रोगी को मधुमेह रोगमूला रखना है। हमने अपनी दवा में विशेष जड़ी-बूटियों का प्रयोग किया जो एंजाइमेटिक इन्सुलिन निर्माण कराती हैं।

सभी प्रकार के मनुष्यों में खाना खाने के बाद भोजन पचाने की प्रक्रिया में शर्करा का निर्माण होता है। सभी प्रकार के डाक्टरों ने सलाह दी है कि हमारी ये दवा का एक चम्मच रोगी को सुबह नाश्ते - दोपहर खाने - रात के खाने से पहले लेनी चाहिए। कुछ आधुनिक डॉक्टर ने डायबिटिक टाइप II के रोगी जिनकी शर्करा की मात्रा नियंत्रण में नहीं रहती थी उनको सिर्फ़ ये दवा जो लेते थे उसके साथ में देने से 15 दिनों के भीतर उनकी शर्करा की मात्रा पूर्ण रूप से नियंत्रण में आ गयी। हमारे इस दवा के सेवन करने से रोगी के शरीर एंजाइमेटिक इन्सुलिन का निर्माण होता है तथा रोगी जो गोशियाँ खा रहा था वह गोशियाँ उस एंजाइमेटिक इन्सुलिन को प्रवृत्त करके बहुसंख्य कोशिका निर्माण (Mitotic Celldivision) करते हैं जिससे उनकी गिनती बढ़ जाती है और मधुमेह नियंत्रण में आ जाता है।

इसी प्रकार धिन-धिन पैथ के डॉक्टर ने Diabetic type II के रोगी को इन्सुलिन तथा गोशियों पर आधारित थे मात्र हमारी दवा जोड़ देने से इन्जेक्शन द्वारा इन्सुलिन लेने की मात्रा क्रमशः कम होती गई और अन्त में इन्सुलिन के इन्जेक्शन से पूरी तरह छुटकारा मिल गया।

डॉ. धानकी डायबिटिक पाउडर लेने की मात्रा -

सुबह नाश्ते के 15 मिनट पहले	दोपहर खाने के 15 मिनट पहले	शाम के खाने से 15 मिनट पहले
एक चम्मच (4-5 ग्राम)	एक चम्मच (4-5 ग्राम)	एक चम्मच (4-5 ग्राम)

विशेषता :

इस दवा में आंवला तथा हल्दी बराबर मात्रा में मिली है जिनका युग्म 'धात्री-निशा' कहलाता है। शास्त्रों के अनुसार 'धात्री-निशा' का किसी घटक में मिले रहना ही उस घटक के असर को दस गुना करा देता है।

हमारी दवा में निहित गोखरू मधुमेह के रोगी में रखे समय के बाद मुँह में आने वाली खराबी को रोकता है। यदि रोगी का मुँह धोसू खराब हो तो गोखरू उसको ठीक कर देता है। इस दवा में मिला हुआ नीमपत्र का चूर्ण रोगी के ज्वर में इन्जेक्शन को होने से रोकता है। रोगी के लीवर व पेन्क्रियाज को सक्रिय रखने के लिए इस दवा में बिल्व पत्र का उपयोग किया गया है।

नोट : यकृत के सूचारु रूप से काम करने पर यकृत घटक में निहित द्रव्यों को शरीर में उचित स्थान पर भेजने का कार्य सूचारु रूप से करता है। दूसरा यकृत के सक्रिय रहने के कारण रोगी को खुजली आदि व्याधियाँ नहीं होती हैं। मधुमेह के रोगी के शरीर में मूल सुख कर गंधों की शक्ल में हो जाती है हमारी दवा में निहित इन्द्रायणमूल ऐसा नहीं होने देता है।

नीच पत्र पेन्क्रियाज में उपस्थित वीटासैल को प्रवृत्त करने में सहायक होता है। गिलोय-गोखरू-आंवला इन तीनों के समावेश से रसावन चूर्ण बना जाता है जो रोगी को न्यूरोपैथी, रेटिनोपैथी तथा शारीरिक व मानसिक दुर्बलता से छुटकारा दिलाने में सक्षम है।

हमारी इस दवा में निहित गुड़मार जहाँ मनुष्य के शरीर में पेशाब में निकलने वाली शर्करा को नियंत्रण में रखने में सक्षम है। विशेष : डायबिटिक फुट अर्थाना मधुमेह पर

कई रोगियों को मधुमेह पैर हो जाता है अथवा किसी प्रकार का फोड़ा या घाव होने पर घाव सूखता नहीं है। ऐसे रोगियों में इस पाउडर को पानी में घिसाकर घोल बनाकर रोगी के घाव अथवा फोड़े के बाहर-बाहर लगाया जाए तो घाव बहुत जल्दी सूख जाता है।

डॉ. धानकी डायबिटिक पाउडर - धानकी का लेब

मधुमेह के कारण रोगियों में उत्पन्न होने वाली व्याधियाँ एवं उपचार

1. बदल पर खुजली : प्रायः देखा गया है कि मधुमेह के रोगी को कभी-कभी आसहनीय खुजली होती है। इस समय रोगी को नीचे लिखी दवाई लेनी चाहिए।
Tab. Hetraxane-100 यह गोली दिन में तीन बार ली जा सकती है।
2. भूख कम लगना : ऐसी स्थिति में रोगी को नीचे लिखा Syrup लेना चाहिए।
Syrup : Sorbiline : यह Syrup दोपहर खाना खाने के बाद आधा गिलास पानी में घार चम्मच घिसाकर लेवे। भूख लगने लगेगी।
3. दस्त लगना : ऐसी स्थिति में रोगी को नीचे लिखी दवाई लेनी चाहिए।
Tab. Sepran : यह दो गोली सुबह नाश्ते के बाद तथा दो गोली शाम को खाने के बाद पांच दिनों तक लेनी चाहिए।
4. कमजोरी : यदि रोगी का खून ज्यादा न हो तो डॉ. धानकी पाँच प्लस पाउडर रोजाना एक चम्मच सुबह नाश्ते के बाद तथा एक चम्मच रात को खाने के बाद लेना चाहिए तथा इसके बाद एक गिलास गर्म दूध पीना चाहिए। यदि रोगी का खून ज्यादा हो तो एक Tab. Cobadex-CZS दोपहर खाने के बाद लेनी चाहिए।
5. कब्ज होने पर : ऐसी स्थिति में रोगी को रोजाना एक प्याला पपीता खाना चाहिए फिर भी कब्ज दूर ना हो तो रोगी को बाजार में उपलब्ध Syrup Duphalac की 20 मिली की मात्रा रात को सोते खाने लेनी चाहिए।

धिन-धिन पैथी के डॉक्टरों से परामर्श करने के बाद मधुमेह के रोगियों को निचे लिखे आहार तालिका के अनुरूप धोबन करना चाहिए।

आहार तालिका

समय	उत्तर भारत	दक्षिण भारत
प्रातः 6 बजे	1 कप चाय / कॉफी।	1 कप चाय / कॉफी।
8 बजे	3 फलके (छोटी चपाती + एक कटोरी सब्जी तथा 1 कप चाय / कॉफी)	2 कटोरी उरुमा चा + 4 पीस इटली सॉस + 1 कप चाय / कॉफी
10 बजे	1 पीस फल (मधुमेह के रोगी के लिए सेब सबसे उपयुक्त फल है)	1 पीस फल (मधुमेह के रोगी के लिए सेब सबसे उपयुक्त फल है)
1 बजे दोपहर	4 फलके + 2 कटोरी सब्जी + 1 कटोरी कोई भी दाल + 1 कटोरी चावल।	चावल + दही / सॉस / रासम ।
5 बजे सायं	पपराट / उरुमा / पोया व चेड बटर भरपेट खावें।	इटली / उरुमा / जयम भरपेट खावें।
7 बजे	1 कप किसी भी सब्जी का सूप।	1 कप किसी भी सब्जी का सूप।
8-9 बजे	4 फलके + 2 कटोरी सब्जी + 1 कटोरी कभी-कभी दाल।	चावल + सॉस / दही / रासम।
11 बजे	1 कटोरी पपीता।	1 कटोरी पपीता।

अपेक्ष : - नारियल, मूंगफली, अचार, कोकोकेला या उन जैसे पेय पदार्थ, ज्यादा तली हुई मसालेदार और बारी भोजन।

DR. THANKI'S DIABETIC POWDER (Useful in Diabetes)

Ingredients : Jamun Guthi, Avala, Haldi, Mamejawa, Saptarangi, Vijaysar, Neempatra, Indrayan Mool, Bilva Patra, Giloy, Gokhru, Gudmar, Karela, Methi, Tuli Patra, Chirayata, Tejpatra

Uses: This herbal medicine combination is useful for Men & Women of all ages, suffering from Diabetes. This Ayurvedic powder combination is based on Ancient Ayurvedic literature. This is highly effective combination to cure diabetes. This medicine is highly effective in all cases of profuse urination, extra hunger, extra sweating and tiredness after slight activity. This medicinal combination is also highly effective for all side effects of Diabetes, i.e. high B.P., higher Cholesterol, Neuropathy, Retinopathy, less of HB, etc. for all such symptoms observed in diabetic patient.

Information:

Biologists have considered diabetic patients of two types: (i) **Diabetic Type-I:** The patients whose body has no insulin or negligible amount of insulin is considered as Diabetic Type-I patients. This type of patients is given insulin by injection in their body, along with that some tablets are also given which helps to increase the amount of insulin.

(ii) **Diabetic Type-II:** The patients having insulin in their body but in lesser amount than required. This type is called Diabetic Type-II. In this type of patients the insulin in their body is not capable of producing required amount of insulin by mitotic cell division and remains inactive in the pancreas. Type-II patients are treated with some type of tablets which do not practically decrease sugar level but they act on the inactive insulin to promote more mitotic cell division and ultimately the amount of insulin increases which subsequently decrease the sugar level. In this way the sugar level in the patient is controlled.

All types of doctors have found that the uncontrolled diabetic patient is controlled within a fortnight by just adding our Dr. Thanki's Diabetic Powder to the medicine given by them.

The patients suffering from side effects of diabetes like neuropathy and retinopathy can control their advancement of these side effects in the patient body, by using our Dr. Thanki's Diabetic Powder. Also, burning sensation and itching is made tolerable by our medicine. During our studies, in some cases, we have found that these problems are totally solved.

The diabetic patients show symptoms like laziness, body ache, inflammation in the legs, weakness, sometimes itching in the body without any reason, infection in the genital organs, etc. In human body the veins in the eyes and fingers of legs are very fine. If in these veins, blood with sugar enters, and if by chance it settles there, it creates problems. If this happens in the legs it is called neuropathy, and if it occurs in the eyes, it is called retinopathy. The persons suffering from retinopathy have their eyes with blurred vision.

If any person has an accident and if pancreas is removed, then the body of patient will not have insulin at all. In that case to protect the patient from diabetes what should be done?

The answer is in our medicine, in which we have used special herbs which produce enzymatic insulin without the involvement of pancreas. After taking food, sugar is produced during the process of digestion. As per suggestion given by different path Dr. our Dr. Thanki's Diabetic Powder should be prescribed to patients 1 tspful 15 minutes before the Breakfast, Lunch & Dinner. Some allopathic doctors have done research

and suggested that in uncontrolled diabetic II patients they just gave our powder along with the medicines they were giving to their patients, and found fantastic results within fortnight. The enzymatic insulin produced by our medicine is activated by the tablets given after the meal and it activates the mitotic cell division and its count increases and hence increases insulin to control diabetes.

The doctors of different paths have tried our product to the patients who were Diabetic Type I and wanted to get rid of insulin given to them by injection regularly. They just gave our diabetic powder in recommended dosages along with some tablets which they were giving to Diabetic type II and found miraculous results within a short period they found gradual decrease in insulin dosages and at last they got rid of insulin forever.

Dose: Dr. Thanki's Diabetic Powder:

15 Minutes before Breakfast	15 minutes before Lunch	15 minutes before Dinner
1 Spoon (4 - 5 gm.)	1 Spoon (4 - 5 gm.)	1 Spoon (4 - 5 gm.)

Specialties: In this medicine Avala & Haldi are mixed in equal proportions, which are called Dhatri Nisha. According to Ayurvedic Shashtras (ancient ayurvedic science books) this combination makes the effect of any medicine increases ten times.

Gokhru: Present in our medicine helps to protect kidney problems which are followed by prolonged diabetes. If there are any kidney problems Gokhru is an excellent herbal medicine.

Neem Patra: Present in the medicine helps to prevent any infection in the blood.

Bilva Patra: To activate liver and pancreas Bilva patra is used in this medicine. **Note:** When liver is working properly, it sends other ingredients to their appropriate places. When liver is activated the patient does not have itching problems.

Indrayan Mool: Diabetic patient's stool becomes very hard; for this problem Indrayan mool helps to stop the hardness of stool and makes it normal.

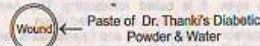
Tej Patra: It helps to activate Beta cells in the pancreas.

Giloy-Avala-Gokhru: Mixture is called Resayan Churna which helps to protect the patient from Neuropathy, Retinopathy, and physical and mental weakness.

Gudmar: Helps to control the sugar which is excreted with urine.

Diabetic Foot: Many patients suffer from this disease. In their body any injury or wound which does not heal, it is advised that our powder after making paste with water should be applied around the injured portion or wound. The injury will get healed quickly.

Note: The paste of our medicine in water should be applied just on surrounded area of the wound or injury and not on the wound or injured portion directly. Apply as this figure:



Remedies of Side effects due to Diabetes: After prolonged discussions with the doctors of allopathic as well as those from other paths, have agreed to suggest our medicines mixture for a diabetic patient.

1. Itching in the body: It is noted that the diabetic patients are sometimes suffer from unbearable itching. At that time the patient should be given the following medicines:

Tab Hetrazane - 100 can be taken 3 times a day.

2. **Low appetite:** In this case the patient should be given the syrup **Sorbiline** can be taken after lunch 4 teaspoonfuls with 1/2 or 3/4 glass of water, and it will activate hunger.

3. **Loose Motion:** The patient should take **Tab. Septran DS**

Dose: One tablet after the breakfast in the morning and one tablet in evening after meal for five days.

4. **Weakness & General Debility:** If the patient is not overweight, should take Dr. Thanki's Power Plus powder 1 spoon in the morning after the breakfast and one spoon in the evening after the meal, or as suggested in instructions paper of our Dr. Thanki's Power Plus Powder.

If the patient is overweight then suggest **Tab. Cobadex CZS:** One tablet every day after breakfast.

5. **Constipation:** In that case the patient should take 1 cupful of papaya every day at bed time and if the constipation persists he should take Syrup Duphalac 20ml. mixed with water at bed time.

After prolonged discussions with the doctors of different path they suggested the diet chart for diabetic patient.

Note: 300ml of milk should be given to a diabetic patient. Not more than that.

DIET CHART

	North Indian One Cup of Tea or Coffee	South Indian One Cup of Tea or Coffee
6 AM		
8 AM	3 Pcs. Of Fulka (small chapatti) + 1 Bowl of Vegetable + 1 cup of tea/coffee.	2 Bowl of Upma or 4 Pcs of Idli with Sambhar. Avoid (coconut chutney)+ 1 cup of tea/coffee.
10 AM	One Pcs. of fruit (Best fruit for diabetic patient is apple.)	One Pcs. of fruit (Best fruit for diabetic patient is apple.)
1 PM	4 Fulka + 2 Bowl of Vegetable + 1 Bowl of Any kind of Cereals + One Bowl of rice	Rice + Curd / Sambhar / Tamarind made Rasam.
5 PM	Paratha or Upma or Poha or Bread Butter but it should be in such quantity that we can say heavy Breakfast+ 1 cup tea/coffee.	Idli, Medu Wada, Upma Uttapam or any south Indian Breakfast but it should be in such quantity, that patient should feel no hungry at all that time means heavy breakfast.
7 PM	One bowl of soup of any vegetable	One bowl of soup of any vegetable
8-9 PM	4 Fulka + 2 Bowl of Vegetable + One Bowl of Kadi or any kind of Cereals.	Rice + Curd/ sambhar /rasam
11 PM	1 Bowl of papaya	1 Bowl of papaya

Avoid :- Coconut, groundnut, pickles, aerated water much oily & spicy or stale food.