

R404 A

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : R404 A

Product Use Description : Refrigerant

Company : M/s.Refex Industries Ltd,

1/171,Old MahabalipuramRoad,

Thiruporur-603110, Kanchipuram Dt.

Telephone No : 044-27445295

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Emergency Overview

Form : Liquefied gas

Color : Colorless

Odor : weak

Hazard Summary : Warning! Container under pressure. This product is not flammable at

ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing. Causes asphyxiation in high concentrations. The victim will not realize that he/she is suffocating. Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects. May cause cardiac arrhythmia. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Do not breathe vapour. Irritating to eyes and skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. At higher temperatures,

(>250 C),

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Material Safety Data Sheet

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Decomposition products may include hydrofluoric acid (HF) and carbonyl halides. The ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2007) for

Hydrogen Fluoride are TLV-TWA 0.5 ppm and Ceiling Exposure Limit 2 ppm.

Potential Health Effects

Skin : Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

May cause frostbite.

Irritating to skin.

Eyes : Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause frostbite.

Ingestion : Unlikely route of exposure.

Effects due to ingestion may include:

Gastrointestinal discomfort

Inhalation : Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing.

Causes asphyxiation in high concentrations.

The victim will not realize that he/she is suffocating. Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects.

May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Chronic Exposure: None known.

Carcinogenicity No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Mixture

Chemical Name CAS-No. Concentration

1,1,1-Trifluoroethane 420-46-2 52 %

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Pentafluoroethane 354-33-6 44%

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane 811-97-2 4 %

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation : Move to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration. Use oxygen as required, provided a qualified operator is present.

Call a physician. Do not give drugs from adrenaline-ephedrine group.

Skin contact : After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

If there is evidence of frostbite, bathe (do not rub) with lukewarm (not hot) water. If water is not available, cover with a clean, soft cloth or similar

covering. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15

minutes. In case of frostbite water should be lukewarm, not hot. If symptoms

persist, call a physician.

Ingestion : Unlikely route of exposure. As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation

section. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Call a physician

immediately.

Notes to physician

Treatment : Because of the possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine

drugs, such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution and only in situations of emergency life support. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical conditions. Treat

frostbitten areas as needed.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : The product is not flammable.

ASHRAE34

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

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Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and

the surrounding environment.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

Contents under pressure.

This product is not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric

Pressure.

However, this material can ignite when mixed with air under pressure and

exposed to strong ignition sources. Container may rupture on heating.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off

from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen

available for breathing.

In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such

as: Hydrogen fluoride Carbon monoxide

Carbon dioxide (CO2) Carbonyl halides

Special protective equipment:

for firefighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

No unprotected exposed skin areas.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Wear personal protective equipment. Unprotected persons must be kept

away.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

Ventilate the area.

After release, disperses into the air.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing

Oxygen available for breathing. Avoid accumulation of vapours in low areas.

Unprotected personnel should not return until air has been

Tested and determined safe.

Ensure that the oxygen content is \geq 19.5 %.

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Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. The product evaporates

readily.

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate the area.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE Handling

Handling : Handle with care.

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protective equipment.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not

Expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Follow all standard safety precautions

For handling and Use of compressed gas cylinders.

Use authorized cylinders only.

Protect cylinders from physical damage. Do not puncture or drop cylinders,

Expose them to open flame or excessive heat.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Do not remove screw cap until immediately ready for use.

Always replace cap after use.

Advice on protection

: The product is not flammable.

Against fire and explosion

Can form a combustible mixture with air at pressures above atmospheric

pressure.

Storage

Requirements for storage: Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose areas

and containers to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or

burn, even after use.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Storage rooms must be properly ventilated.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Protect cylinders from physical damage.

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SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Protective measures : Do not breathe vapour.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close

to the workstation location.

Engineering measures: General room ventilation is adequate for storage and handling.

Perform filling operations only at stations with exhaust ventilation facilities.

Eye protection : Wear as appropriate:

Safety glasses with side-shields If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Goggles or face shield, giving complete protection to eyes Hand

protection: Leather gloves

In case of contact through splashing: Protective gloves Neoprene gloves

Polyvinyl alcohol or nitrile- butyl-rubber gloves

Skin and body protection: Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

Wear cold insulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection.

Respiratory protection: In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air res pirator.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by

reducing oxygen available for breathing.

For rescue and maintenance work in storage tanks use self-contained

Breathing apparatus.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Keep working clothes separately.

Exposure Guidelines

Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control	Updated	Basis	
			parameters			



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1,1,1- Trifluoroethane	420-46-2	TWA: time weighted average	(1,000 ppm)	
1,1,1- Trifluoroethane	420-46-2	TWA : time weighted average	3,400 mg/m3 (1,000 ppm)	2007
Pentafluoroethane	354-33-6	TWA : time weighted average	4,900 mg/m3 (1,000 ppm)	2007
Pentafluoroethane	354-33-6	TWA : time weighted average	(1,000 ppm)	
1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane	811-97-2	TWA : time weighted average	(1,000 ppm)	
1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane	811-97-2	TWA : time weighted average	4,240 mg/m3 (1,000 ppm)	2007

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state : Liquefied gas

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Color : Colorless

Odor : weak

pH : neutral

Melting point/freezing point : no data available

Boiling point/boiling range : -47.8 °C

Flash point : not applicable

Evaporation rate : > 1 Method: Compared to CCl4.

Lower explosion limit : None

Upper explosion limit : None

Vapour pressure : 12,610 hPa at 21.1°C(70.0 °F)

25,572 hPa at 54.4 °C(129.9 °F)

Vapor density : 3.43 Note: (Air = 1.0)

Density : 1.08 g/cm3 at 21.1 °C

Water solubility : Note: Very slightly soluble in cold water, hot water.

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 1.06

octanol/water Test substance : 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a)

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Ignition temperature : < 750 °C

Decomposition temperature : > 250 °C

Global warming potential : 3,784

(GWP)

Ozone depletion potential : 0 (ODP)

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous : Hazardous polymerisation does not occur. reactions Conditions to

: Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not

Expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Decomposes under high temperature.

Some risk may be expected of corrosive and

toxic decomposition products.

Can form a combustible mixture with air at pressures

above atmospheric pressure.

Do not mix with oxygen or air above atmospheric pressure.

Incompatible materials to

: Finely divided aluminium Potassium

avoid

Calcium

Powdered metals

Aluminium Magnesium

Zinc

Hazardous decomposition

produced

: In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be products

such as:

Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF).

Carbonyl halides Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute inhalation toxicity

1,1,1-Trifluoroethane : LC50: > 540000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat LC50: > 106 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat

Pentafluoroethane : > 769000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: LC50: > 500000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Species: rat

Sensitisation

1,1,1-Trifluoroethane : Cardiac sensitization

Species: dogs

Note: 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a):

Cardiac sensitisation threshold (dog): 80000 ppm. Pentafluoroethane

: Cardiac sensitization

Species: dogs

Note: No-observed-effect level

75 000 ppm

Lowest observable effect level

100 000 ppm

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane : Cardiac sensitization

Species: dogs

Note: No-observed-effect level

50 000 ppm

Lowest observable effect level

75 000 ppm

Repeated dose toxicity

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1,1,1-Trifluoroethane : Species: rat

Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: (90 d) NOEL:40000ppm

Subchronic toxicity

Pentafluoroethane : Species: rat

Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: (4 Weeks)

NOEL:50000ppm

Subchronic toxicity

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane: Species: rat

NOEL: 40000 ppm

Genotoxicity in vitro

1,1,1-Trifluoroethane : Test Method: Ames test

Result: negative

Pentafluoroethane : Test Method: Ames test

Result: negative

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane : Note: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Cell type: Human lymphocytes

Result: negative

: Cell type: Human lymphocytes

Result: negative

: Cell type: Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo

1,1,1-Trifluoroethane : Species: mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

Teratogenicity

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1,1,1-Trifluoroethane : Species: rat

Application Route: Inhalation exposure

NOAEL, Teratog: 40,000 ppm NOAEL, Maternal: 40,000 ppm

Note: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Species: rabbit

Application Route: Inhalation exposure

NOAEL, Teratog: 40,000 ppm NOAEL, Maternal: 40,000 ppm

Note: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Pentafluoroethane : Species: rabbit

Application Route: Inhalation exposure

NOAEL, Teratog: 50,000 ppm NOAEL, Maternal: 50,000 ppm

Note: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Species: rat

Application Route: Inhalation exposure

NOAEL, Teratog: 50,000 ppm NOAEL, Maternal: 50,000 ppm

Note: Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Further information : Note: Acute Health Hazard Ethane, pentafluoro- (HFC-125):

Cardiac sensitisation threshold (dog): 75000 ppm. 1,1,1trifluoroethane (HFC-143a): Cardiac sensitisation threshold (dog): >250000 ppm. 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane (HFC-134a): Cardiac sensitisation

threshold (dog): 80000 ppm. Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing. Irritating to eyes and skin. Rapid evaporation of the liquid may cause frostbite. Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite). May cause cardiac arrhythmia. Chronic Health

Hazard 1,1,1trifluoroethane (HFC-143a): Not mutagenic in AMES Test.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Biodegradability

Pentafluoroethane : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Value: 5 %

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Method: OECD 301 D

Further information on ecology

Additional ecological

This product contains greenhouse gases which may

information contribute to global warming. Do NOT vent to the atmosphere.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods : Observe all Federal, State, and Local Environmental regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT UN/ID No.: UN 3337

Proper shipping name : REFRIGERANT GAS R 404A

Class 2.2

Packing group 2.2 Hazard Labels

IATA UN/ID No.: UN 3337

Description of the goods: REFRIGERANT GAS R 404A

Class : 2.2

Hazard Labels: 2.2

Packing instruction (cargo: 200 aircraft)

Packing instruction : 200

(passenger aircraft)

IMDG UN/ID No. : UN 3337

Description of the goods: REFRIGERANT GAS R 404A Class

: 2.2

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Hazard Labels : 2.2 EmS Number : F-C, S-V Marine pollutant : no

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Inventories

US. Toxic Substances : On TSCA Inventory Control Act

Australia. Industrial: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Chemical (Notification and Assessment)

Act

Canada. Canadian: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL list.

Environmental Protection Act (CEPA). Domestic Substances List (DSL)

Japan. Kashin-Hou Law : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

List

Korea. Existing Chemicals: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory Inventory (KECI)

Philippines. The Toxic : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory Substances

and Hazardous and Nuclear Waste Control

Act

China. Inventory of Existing: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Chemical Substances

NZIOC - New Zealand : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

National regulatory information

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Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

Spill or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or about its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center and your local Emergence Planning Committee

CAS Number : 1,1,1-Trifluoroethane 420-46-2

WHMIS Classification : A : Compressed Gas

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all of the information required

by the CPR.

Global warming potential: 3,784

Ozone depletion potential: 0 (ODP)

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS III NFPA

Health hazard : 1 2
Flammability : 1 1
Physical Hazard : 0
Instability : 0

Hazard rating and rating systems (e.g. HMIS® III, NFPA): This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the particular system.

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Further information

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