Par

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Instruction

I. Brief Introduction

Model PHPL01 pipe locking machine is mainly used for buckling processing for high pressure rubber pipe assembly in the mechanical engineering. It can also be used for buckling the two-way bends, especially large bends and irregular shape bends.

This machine features small and portable appearance, big force, low noise and easy to operate. The buckling amount can be precise adjusted through a scale. It makes the mould base division to be more even through the double inclined plane eight-flap mould seat equipped with a high accuracy guiding device.

II. Main Technical Feature
Buckling range: Φ4mm—Φ51mm(4 layers steel wire rubber hose)
Max. buckling force: 449T
Scale accuracy: 0.02mm
Rated pressure: 31.5 MPa
Oil pump displacement: 5ml/rad (380V); 2.5ml/rad (220V)
Overall dimensions: 670(L)×490(W)×780(H)mm



Model PHPL01 – A Pipe Locking Machine

III. Installation and Operation

Add sufficiently 79 liters of Great Wall brand 46# anti-abrasion hydraulic oil. If the room temperature is lower than 10°C, 10% transformer oil is need to add.

Connect the electric source well as per the machine requirements, to make the direction of the motor rotation to be consistent with the rotation direction marking, and grounding protection shall be done.

2. Regulating the scale

The scale is used for regulating the amount of the buckling. When it is regulated clockwise, the buckling amount will decrease, when it is regulated anticlockwise, the buckling amount will increase. The scale is connected together with oil cylinder end cover through three socket head screws and three springs on the scale base. When using a hand to pull the scale (vertical to the oil cylinder end cover direction), the scale can flexibly leave from the oil cylinder end cover. When releasing the scale, the scale will be

recovered relying on spring force. Before the machine is turned on, inspect carefully if the scale telescoping is flexible and if the lead connection is reliable.

•The primary scale is turned within 0 line of the secondary scale, turn the machine on for test run, and observe if all actions are normal. If when the piston conducts reciprocating movement, there is a crawling phenomenon, the bleed screw on the oil cylinder top shall be unscrewed for exhausting air.

•Pressure regulation

The buckling pressure and opening mould pressure will be regulated through two knobs at the back of the oil cylinder (see figure), when it is regulated clockwise, the pressure will increase, when it is regulated anticlockwise, the pressure will decrease (The pressure has already been well regulated when ex-factory).

5. Operation

Based on the size of the rubber hose to be buckled, select suitable mould as per the technical parameter reference table of the locking pipe and mount it on the mould base. Regulated well the scale position as per the data in the data in the table, the pipe locking can be done. After pipe locking, use a vernier caliper to mease the outside diameter dimension of the pipe sleeve after buckling to see if it meets the reference table data of the parameter. If it does not meet the data, the scale shall be precisely regulated until it meets the requirements. Because the manufactures of the pipe sleeve are different, so, specific dimension, material, hardness etc are certainly not the same. These factors would result different influences on the pipe locking result, therefore, the data in the table is only for reference, the detailed data take the pressure test as the basis.

IV. Notices

•When buckling, make the joint to locate the mould center as much as possible, the joint is not buckled on the hex nut. •Prevent tool and other foreign matter from entering the locking head.

•After the work is finished for each time, the eight-block mould base must be made to extend to the greatest extent, this can make the spring to be at extension status. If not, the spring will be damage.

•When working, the hand should not stretch into the locking head.

•The power supply must be switched off when maintenance is done.

V. Maintenance and Care

X:Maintenance

Thydraulic oil in the oil tank should be frequently checked, if oil amount is found to be insufficient, the oil shall be timely supplemented. If the oil liquid is polluted, it shall be filtered or replaced.

The locking head shall keep internal cleanliness. Avoid the foreign matters during processing to enter into the locking head oil cylinder via the mould to affect the normal use. Wipe out the foreign matters, which are brought by the mould body in time when buckling the joint.

Frequently fill suitable grease into the mould body for lubrication.

VI. Promise

We will provide a guarantee to keep the machine in good repair within 12 months from the day when the machine is purchased. All fitting troubles will be free of charge repaired (or replaced if necessary) during the guarantee period. The damage resulted from improper use o accident damage does not belong to free of charge repair range.

Troubleshooting

Trouble phenomena	Trouble reason	Eliminating method
	Oil tank has not been filled with oil	Fill oil as per requirement
Machine has not action	Motor rotation direction is not correct	Regulate two phase lines
	Electric trouble	Overhaul electric circuits
		Regulate the scale as per the
Scale is damaged	The scale is fastened on the oil cylinder end face by the screw	instruction to make scale to
	Conductor at scale location is connected with scale	Anew connect the scale conductor to make it to be
		insulated from scale base
	Electric trouble	electric elements
	Scale conductor cutting	Anew connect scale

Image: constraint of the second second dependence of solenoid reversal valve is seizured by No buckling Image: constraint of the second dependence of solenoid reversal valve is seizured by Image: constraint of the second dependence of the second	pressure-regulating valve Dismount solenoid reversal valve, use gasoline to clean
No buckling The valve core of solenoid No buckling foreign matters Electric trouble Electric trouble Mould is not opened excessively low Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Big noise Filter is blocked Mould base crawls Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely	Dismount solenoid reversal valve, use gasoline to clean
No buckling reversal valve is seizured by foreign matters Electric trouble Opening mould pressure is excessively low Big noise Installation is not stable Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	valve, use gasoline to clean
No buckling foreign matters Electric trouble Electric trouble Mould is not opened Electric trouble Electric trouble Installation is not stable Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	
Image: Second system Image: Second system Mould is not opened Opening mould pressure is Electric trouble Image: Second system Big noise Installation is not stable Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	
Electric trouble Opening mould pressure is excessively low Electric trouble Installation is not stable Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	the valve core.
Mould is not opened Opening mould pressure is Electric trouble Electric trouble Big noise Installation is not stable Filter is blocked Filter is blocked Mould base crawls Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Lubrication is poor Lubrication is poor	Overhaul electric circuits
Mould is not opened excessively low Electric trouble Installation is not stable Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Filter is blocked Mould base crawls Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Lubrication is poor Lubrication is poor	Adjust opening mould
Electric trouble Installation is not stable Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	pressure regulating valve
Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Filter is blocked Mould base crawls Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Lubrication is poor Lubrication is poor	Overhaul electric circuits
Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Filter is blocked Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	Conduct horizontal stable
Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Filter is blocked Mould base crawls Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Lubrication is poor Lubrication is poor	
Big noise Hydraulic oil is excessively dirty Filter is blocked Filter is blocked Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Big noise Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	installation
Filter is blocked Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	Filter or change it
Filter is blocked Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	Use gasoline to clean the
Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls	
Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls	filter
Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls	Suitable unscrew the bleed
Gas in the hydraulic oil has not bee exhausted completely Mould base crawls	screw, make the piston in the
Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	oil cylinder to move back to
Mould base crawls Lubrication is poor	last position to exhaust gas,
Lubrication is poor	
Lubrication is poor	then screw down bleed
Lubrication is poor	screw.
Lubrication is poor	Smear grease on the working
	inclined face of mould base
Joint is not tightened closely	Tighten the oil pipe joint

V. A parameter list of the tooting and the press force for every type of rubble tube (for reference)

			Outerdiameter		Half locking &	Whole locking &
	Innerdiameter	rof		Used		
order	4		of therubble	4	pressing meter	pressing meter
	the rubbletu	be	tube	tooting	pressure MPa	pressure MPa
		Ι	Φ15		5.5	6~8
1	Φ6			Φ15		
		II	Φ17		6	9~11
		Ι	Ф19		6.5~7	10~11
2	Φ10			Φ21		
		II	Φ21		7.5~8	13~16
		Ι	Φ23			
					8.5~9	14~17
3	Φ13	II	Φ25	Φ25		
					10~11	15~18
		III	Φ27			

	110	Ι	Φ26	1.00	9~10	15~18
4 Φ16	Ш	Φ28	Φ28	10~11	18~22	
		Ι	Ф 29		9	15~17
5	Ф19	II	Φ31	Φ30	11~12	20~22
		III	Φ35		22~24	29~31
	Second Contraction	Ι	Φ32		12~13	17~19
6	Φ22	II	$\Phi 34$	Φ34	14~16	19~21
	8	III	Ф 38		20~25	25~30
1		Ι	Ф 36		10~11	16~18
7	7 Φ25	II	Φ38	Φ38	15~16	20~24
		III	Φ42		26~28	28~32
		Ι	$\Phi 44$	A 10	12~13	18~22
8	Φ32	П	Φ46	Φ_{42} Φ_{45}	16~18	30~34
		Ш	Φ50		32	32~38
		Ι	Φ50	Φ50	14	22~26
9	9 Φ 38	II	$\Phi 52$	Φ55	20	28~32
	III	Φ60		26~30	44~48	
		Ι	Φ63	Φ60	25	26~28
10	Φ51	II	$\Phi 65$	Φ65	30	40
	Ш	Φ69		35	48	

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